

10 Point Summary

- 1. There are changes which take place to the ends of words in the T.G. Uatha.
- 2. To know what end changes to make for the Tuiseal Ginideach Uatha, firstly we must have a knowledge of the five declensions...its sounds like a very fancy word but it just means a group of nouns that follows a particular pattern.
- 3. Nouns in the first declension:
 - a. Are all masculine
 - b. End with a broad consonant

Changes at the End	Examples
slenderise	Dath <mark>an</mark> b <mark>h</mark> áid
	Blas an úill
	I rith an tsamhraidh

- 4. Nouns in the second declension:
 - a. Are mostly feminine
 - b. End with a consonant

Changes at the End	Examples
slenderise +e	Ag glanadh na fuinneoige
	Tús <mark>na h</mark> oibre
	i rith <mark>na</mark> seachtaine

- 5. Nouns in the third declension:
 - a. Are both masculine and feminine
 - b. End with a consonant
 - c. End with -eoir, -éir, -.úir, -óir
 - d. End with -(a)íocht, (e)acht
 - e. End with -úint, -áil

Changes at the End	Examples
broaden +a	Hata <mark>an fh</mark> eirmeora
	Tíortha <mark>na</mark> hEoropa
	Cóta an tsaighdiúra

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- 6. Nouns in the fourth declension:
 - a. Are mostly masculine but some feminine
 - b. End with a vowel or -ín

Changes at the End	Examples
no change	Ag ithe <mark>an</mark> b <mark>h</mark> ia
	I rith <mark>na h</mark> oíche
	Cóta an tseanduine

- 7. Nouns in the fifth declension:
 - a. Are mostly feminine
 - b. End with -ch, -n, -d or -r
 - c. End with a vowel
 - d. End with a slender consonant -in, -il, -ir

Changes at the End	Examples
Words that end in a vowel - add an n	Lucht monarchan
Words that end in a consonant – broaden	Ainm an athar
Words that end in – air, drop the –ai and add –ach	I lár <mark>na</mark> cathrach

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